Making Bouquets

- > When making bouquets, clean all flowers thoroughly.
- > Make the bouquets according to the recipe.
- > If you are out of certain flowers, substitute flowers and try and try to keep the colours of bouquets. For rose bouquets, expensive bouquets and/or major substitutions please call customer yourself and offer what you have in stock plus upgrade.

Note: For Hydrangeas, Lillie's if you are out of stock, you can send roses (as they are expensive flowers)

Flower Care

- Upon receiving, all flowers should be cut at the bottom of the stems 2-3 inches diagonally to eliminate the wax seal that keeps the stems moist during transportation. This way your flowers will hydrate faster.
- > Please put a T-bag in all pails and Gerbera pills for Gerbera.
- > All flowers with hollow stems- please place them in pails with **not much water** as those stems tend to get soft.
- > All flowers with solid stems- place them in pails with plenty of water, preferably warm.
- Flowers should be kept without the cello wrapping to prevent mold from forming and to let the leaves breathe. Roses need to be kept in cardboard, to prevent them from prematurely opening. Do not overcrowd the flowers in pails. Remember, they are live, and they like to breathe.
- ➤ All flowers with nets around the heads- remove the netting and cello, for best results keep them outside the cooler for 1 night to allow them to bloom and place in the cooler the next day.
- ➤ Lilies, Alstroemeria, Carnations, Daisies (if they are closed buds)- for full blooming keep them outside of the cooler for 1 night to allow them to bloom and place in the cooler the next day.
- Callas- Keep them DRY and horizontally to prevent bending. Callas do not need to be hydrated while in the coolers.

PLEASE KEEP THE COOLERS CLEAN AT ALL TIMES!